

③ Commanding Numazu Shuku and Senbonmatsubara

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玉砥石 Tamatoishi

They say that in ancient ages, Numazu area was called Tamatsukuri-no-Sato (the village of gem makers) and produced jewelries. The traces of grinding work remain on the surface of 2 tamatoishi (whetstones) large and small in Ichirizuka Park. Tamatsukuri Shrine is located on the opposite bank of the Kano River. They are the only tamatoish discovered in Shizuoka Prefecture.

沼津垣 Numazugaki

The fence made by bundle of 16 grass bamboos woven diagonally. Used by the farmers to protect crops against strong wind and sand from the sea since the Edo Period (1603-1868).



④ 沼津城本丸跡 (中央公園)

Numazu Castle, also known as Kanchojjo (the castle commanding the ocean) was built by Mizuno Tadanari who became the feudal lord of Numazu in 1777 after the vacant lot of Sanmaibashi Castle built by Takeda Katsuyori. It was used by Numazu Heigakko (Tokugawa Military Academy) at the beginning of the Meiji Period (1868-1912), but was demolished in 1872. Now the moats are filled and the castle disappeared because of construction of new roads and 2 great fires. A monument stands at Chuo Park built after the inner citadel site.



⑤ 千本松原

They say that there are more than 300 thousand pine trees along the coast from the mouth of Kano River to Tagonoura Bay about 10 kilometers long. They were planted by the farmers for protection against wind and tide, but Takeda Katsuyori cleared them for the Suruga Province invasion, then Buddhism priest Zoyo



reforested by spending 5 years. It faced crisis again at the beginning of the 20th century, but survived owing to opposition movement by Wakayama Bokusi, a poet loved the nature of Senbonmatsubara.

Introduction

Numazu Shuku is the 12th shukuba and it is Suruga Province from here. Takeda Katsuyori built a castle during the Warring States Period at first then it became ruined. After 160 years, Mizuno Tadanari built a castle and it was the beginning of the Numazu clan. Located at an important place for traffic, Numazu prospered in trade and culture, but such traces have disappeared now.

① 八幡神社・対面石

Yahata Shrine Taimenseki
It is said that Yoritomo and Yoshitsune, the 2 brothers from the Minamoto clan met here for the 1st time in 1180, sat on these stones and promised each other to wipe out Heike, their old enemy.



② 沼津藩領榜示杭

Numazuhanyo Bojijuki
The stone posts were placed in 1778 at the east and the west boundary of Numazu clan to mark the feudal estate.



③ 沼津兵学校跡

Numazu Heigakko Ruins
Numazu Heigakko (military academy) was established by the Tokugawa family in 1868 inside the Numazu Castle to give education following the French military method. An elementary school was also attached they say it is the origin of the modern education in Japan. The academy moved to Tokyo in 1872, but during these 4 years, more than 200 students graduated including many talented officers who played active role in the Sino-Japanese War.



我入道の渡し Ganyudo-no-Watashi

The ferry at Ganyudo became out of service in 1971 by completion of Minato Bridge. It became again in service in April 1997. It is connecting Numazu Port, Ganyudo and Chuo Park.
●Service: 9:00 to 17:00 on Saturdays, Sundays and national holidays (Suspension from year-end to February 28th. Until 16:00 in November and December)
●Fare: ¥100 for over junior high school students, ¥50 for elementary school pupils

あじの干物 Aji-no-Himono (Dried Horse Mackerels)

Production of dried Horse Mackerel began at the beginning of the Taisho Period (1912-1926) in Numazu. Output, technology and seasoning are all at the top of Japan. Aji-no-Himono is superb!

柿田川・柿田川公園 Kakita River/ Kakitagawa Park

The Kakita River is class A river 1200 meters long made with rainfall on southeast part of Mt. Fuji. Gushing quantity per day is 1 million tons which is the largest of rivers in Japan. You can see the gushing point from the observation deck.

Old Tokaido Road Walking Route

- Red line: Sidewalk
- Red dots: Sidewalk narrower than 70 cm

Legend

- Information icon: Information
- Parking icon: Parking lot
- Picturing point icon: Picturing point
- Bench icon: Bench
- Toilet icon: Toilet
- Accessible toilet icon: Accessible toilet
- Convenience store icon: Convenience store
- Bus stop icon: Bus stop
- Row of pine trees icon: Row of pine trees
- Cherry tree icon: Cherry tree
- Explanatory board icon: Explanatory board
- AED icon: Automated external defibrillator, AED
- View point of Mt. Fuji icon: View point of Mt. Fuji
- East boundary of shukuba icon: East boundary of shukuba
- West boundary of shukuba icon: West boundary of shukuba